



For the Proprietor of  
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH  
For and on behalf of  
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.  
*W. H. P. S.*  
Editor and Publisher

# The Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Fresh Easterly winds. Fair.  
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1017.3 mbs. 20.64  
in Temperature, 73.3 deg. F. Dew point, 64 deg. F. Relative  
humidity, 68%. Wind direction, E.S.E. Wind force, 16 knots. High  
water, 0.1. 2 1/2 in at 5.11 p.m. Low water, 5.7 in at 1.45 a.m.  
(Thursday).

Dine  
At the  
**P.G.**  
For  
Reservations  
Tel: 27880

VOL. IV NO. 258 WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1949. Price 20 Cents

## Sherman Replaces Denfield

Washington, Nov. 1.—President Truman has decided to appoint Vice-Admiral Forrest P. Sherman, Commander of the United States Sixth Naval Task Force in the Mediterranean, as Chief of Naval Operations in succession to Admiral Louis Denfield, a White House official announced today.

Vice-Admiral Sherman did not figure prominently in the controversy between the Navy and Air Force about the B-36 bomber which led to Admiral Denfield's being relieved of his post. —Reuter.

## HMS BELFAST BACK FROM MERCY TASK

HMS Belfast arrived back in Hongkong harbour this morning after completing her humanitarian mission of taking off 226 stranded persons, mostly women and children, from Pratas Island.

Anchoring in Junk Bay at daybreak this morning, Belfast began transferring the 226 passengers to the Chinese steamer Sing Ilung. The passengers will later be transferred to another Chinese ship, the Min Chung which will then proceed to Pratas to pick up the remaining shipwrecked personnel who were aboard the Chinese LST that ran aground.

The embarkation of these passengers in HMS Belfast was undertaken as it was imperative to ease the strain on the limited water and food supplies on Pratas imposed by 700 shipwrecked individuals.

The Kowloon Terminus Station received a call at 9.15 a.m. today to a fire at South Wall Road, Kowloon City. One appliance was dispatched to the scene, where it was found that some wood shavings had caught alight on the roof of a tenement house. The flames were put out within a few minutes.

# WORST PLANE DISASTER SO FAR RECORDED

## Mid-air Crash Over Washington Kills 55

WASHINGTON, NOV. 1.—ALL PERSONS ABOARD AN EASTERN AIRLINES PLANE WERE KILLED TODAY IN THE WORST DISASTER OF UNITED STATES COMMERCIAL AIRLINES HISTORY WHEN A FIGHTER PLANE PILOTED BY A BOLIVIAN OFFICIAL CRASHED INTO THE BIG CRAFT AS BOTH PLANES WERE TRYING TO LAND AT THE NATIONAL AIRPORT HERE.

Eastern Airlines reported, after correcting its figures several times, that 55 persons, including four crew members were aboard the wrecked transport.

Eric Rios Bridoux, pilot of the smaller plane and Director General of Civil Aeronautics for Bolivia, survived but suffered a spinal fracture and possibly a fractured skull.

Rios Bridoux was test-flying a war surplus P-38 which his government recently purchased. The Bolivian Embassy refused to say from whom the twin-engine fighter plane was bought. Both the U.S. Air Force and the War Assets Administration said they did not figure in the deal.

**KILLED INSTANTLY**

The airliner carried 51 passengers and four crew members. All but one apparently were killed at the time of the crash and one died a few minutes later. The only non-American passenger, Mrs. Isabelle Velutini, 33, of Venezuela, lived long enough to reach hospital. She had arrived in New York this morning after a flight from South America. Her death in hospital left no known survivors.

First reports had said Rios Bridoux was carrying a woman passenger, but Vance Adams, administrator of Alexandria

Hospital, said the Bolivian told him he was alone in the small plane.

Rios Bridoux was rescued by an Air Force sergeant stationed at the Bolling Field air base across the river from the airport. The Bolling tower saw the collision and dispatched three crash boats to the scene. The wreckage was in the first boat to arrive. He spotted a man struggling in the water and threw him a life preserver.

**ONLY SIGN OF LIFE**

Moments later, when rescuers reached the crash scene, the only sound and sign of life in the transport's wreckage was the moaning of one unconscious survivor.

Stanley Osborne, Eastern's vice-president in charge of traffic, said the fighter crashed into the top of the airliner just behind the wings, cutting the liner in half.

"An Eastern was making its final approach to the runway after clearance and was No. 1 on instructions from the tower. Some 500 feet in the air, it was hit by a P-38."

He said the tower gave instructions to the P-38 twice, but the fighter "failed to acknowledge."

"He apparently dived on to the field, hitting our ship midway," said Osborne.

**WORST IN HISTORY**

It was believed to be the worst air disaster in history. The greatest death toll in any previous plane crash was 53, this number being recorded three times in the past in the United States and abroad.

At 2200 GMT, five hours after the disaster, harbour police said 20 bodies had been accounted for. A Navy diver got down to examine the submerged part of the wreck reported "additional bodies" in the forward part of the cabin, which was submerged. By dusk, 31 bodies were recovered, and the Navy diver said the removal of "additional bodies" he found in the submerged wreckage would have to wait until morning.

**IMMEDIATE INQUIRY**

The Civil Aviation Board opened an investigation immediately. Board representatives went to Rios Bridoux' bedside to get his version of the crash, but would not discuss the interview.

Passengers killed include Congressman George W. Bates of Massachusetts and Helen Hopkinson, well-known cartoonist. (Continued on Page 5)

## Bonnie Prince Charlie Has Another Outing



Prince Charles, youngest member of the Royal Family, son of Princess Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh, went for a second "airing" recently in his perambulator in Green Park, London, with nurses and a detective near.

## Vyshinsky To Call On Acheson

Lake Success, Nov. 1.—The Soviet Foreign Minister's forthcoming courtesy call on Mr. Dean Acheson, U.S. Secretary of State, on next Monday's anniversary of the Russian Revolution, is regarded here as intimately connected with the major problems dividing the two countries.

The State Department announced last night that Mr. Vyshinsky had requested an appointment with Mr. Acheson "in private." It is a novel unprecedented in Soviet diplomacy.

The problems of the German and Austrian peace treaties which have been in suspense since the last conference of the Foreign Ministers, are believed here to be uppermost in Mr. Vyshinsky's mind.

On Austria, political observers thought the biggest difference of opinion centred on the approach to Austrian oilfields and former German assets. —Reuter.

# FULL AGREEMENT ON INDONESIA

The Hague, Nov. 1.—The Dutch and Indonesians announced today an agreement on all points affecting the transfer of Netherlands sovereignty over Indonesia to the new United States of Indonesia.

Wednesday's final plenary session of the round-table talks will accept formally the decisions of the two parties.

According to plan, the Charter of sovereignty will be announced on Wednesday, ending 10 weeks of deliberations here in preparation for the United States of Indonesia—a new independent state of 73,000,000 people. It will be a partner with Holland in a union under the Dutch crown.

The Statute of Union with the Netherlands, which outlines the friendly ties of the Dutch Kingdom and Indonesia and the new constitution of free Indonesia, will be announced also at the formal ceremony in Nijmegen's Hall here.

## NEW GUINEA

The Steering Committee met with the United Nations Committee on Indonesia until 4 a.m. today in an effort to settle the status of Dutch New Guinea, the last remaining major point of contention.

A U.N. Committee proposal that the control of New Guinea will remain in Dutch hands for one more year was accepted, and later amended to meet the wishes of Indonesian delegates. The amendment accepted the status quo for Dutch New Guinea, but added that the matter is still in dispute, leaving open other possibilities than Dutch control.

After the final plenary session, the Indonesian delegation will return to Indonesia. Around December 23, Indonesian representatives will receive sovereignty formally from the hands of Queen Juliana at a ceremony at the Hague. —Associated Press.

## BIG STORM IN PHILIPPINES

Manila, Nov. 2.—A tropical storm with 55 mph winds at the centre is roaring through the Visayan Islands, in the Central Philippines.

The Weather Bureau said a report from Cebu City said the storm damaged the weather station there, with the roof of the main building blown off. No casualties were mentioned.

The Weather Bureau said the storm, which had entered the Visayan Islands from east of Surigao, was located at 2 a.m. today 20 miles east of Iloilo city and was moving west and northwest at 15 miles per hour. Winds 50 mph or more expected within the radius of 100 miles from the centre. —United Press.

## Working On Japan Peace Treaty

Washington, Nov. 1.—United States and British officials have been working for several weeks on the terms of a Japanese peace treaty, it was stated authoritatively here today.

The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, and the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, announced in Washington in September that the conclusion of a Japanese peace treaty was urgent and that their officials would study the question.

Officials said that the United States and Britain had not decided to reopen the question, as stated in a New York Times report today, because it had been regarded as open ever since this announcement.

Officials here said that there were three problems:

1. What is the best mechanism for bringing about a peace conference to prepare a Japanese peace treaty?
2. What do Britain and the United States wish to see included in such a treaty?
3. Is the United States or any other member of the Far Eastern Commission prepared to go ahead with the preparation of such a treaty if the Soviet Union or any other country excludes itself from discussion of the treaty?

## BOOM IN BONDS

Washington, Nov. 1.—Provisions of a Japanese peace treaty, may be finished in rough draft and be ready for review with Britain and other interested nations in about two months.

Reports that the U.S. and Britain have decided to reopen the question of the Japanese peace treaty as quickly as possible had a booming effect on Japanese bonds on the London Stock Exchange.

Japanese issues jumped from two points to three and a half points in response to the reports. —Associated Press.

## NO COMMENT

Lake Success, Nov. 1.—The Soviet Foreign Minister, Andrei Vyshinsky, today declined to comment on the Anglo-American agreement to revive the question of Japanese peace treaty.

Mr. Vyshinsky said he had not enough information on the subject to express any opinion at this time, adding: "After all, I cannot comment on everything." —United Press.

## EDITORIAL

### More Duplicity

IN view of Russia's past record of obstructionism in the Greek dispute her latest proposals for its "settlement" could hardly have been expected to add anything to the chances of an agreement. But even so, the Russian proposals are remarkable for their duplicity, and Mr. Hector McNeill, the British Minister of State, had ample justification for his charge in the United Nations Political Committee that Russia was trying to make Greece a tool of Soviet foreign policy, with a "cynical and immoral disregard for the sufferings and aspirations of the Greek people." It seems that what the Greek rebels failed to do by force Russia is now trying to do by shady diplomatic manoeuvrings. The failure of the United Nations to bring about a settlement of the Balkan dispute has been mainly due to the insistence of Russia and Albania that Greece should renounce her claim to northern Epirus, a strip of land on the Albanian side of the frontier. Greece has pressed this claim in the interests of her security. In view of Albania's past assistance to the rebels, and the number of rebels who are now harboured in the country, it is a claim which deserves serious consideration. The Greek Army has defeated the rebels in the field so thoroughly that a serious threat to law and order could now only develop if Albania and Bulgaria reorganised the rebels they are protecting and despatched them over the frontier. As long as this threat exists, it is ridiculous to ask Greece—as Russia suggests—to grant a general amnesty for the rebels. If the United Nations could obtain firm guarantees that Greek security would not again be threatened by rebels who are now outside the country, the Government might feel more disposed, in the interests of unity, to make concessions. Another Soviet proposal is for international supervision

of the Greek elections, which are due in March next year. This is a striking example of how Russia's moral convictions vary with the changing winds of circumstance. In 1916, when Russia was invited to take part in the supervision of elections in Greece, she refused because she was "opposed in principle to the supervision of national elections by foreign states." No doubt this concern for national rights arose from the fact that at about the same time Bulgaria and Rumania were preparing to hold elections which might have fallen far short of the standards demanded by impartial international observers. It is both unreasonable and unfair to expect Greece to accept supervision of her internal affairs while there is no international control of the threats to which she is exposed from outside her borders. The question of international supervision of her elections is one for Greece herself to decide. The Greek Government must realise how much support it gained in the western world when teams of British, American and French observers were able to declare that the results of earlier elections were fair, and for this reason it might feel disposed in the future to invite international supervision again. But it is not a demand which the United Nations can make with justice. Russia's proposal for a general amnesty is also unreasonable, and the Government is not to be blamed for refusing to allow the men responsible for the massacre of thousands of innocent civilians to return to the country and perhaps enter Parliament as a legal opposition. Greece's best chance of a real and lasting peace may well lie in an eventual amnesty—at least for the rank and file of the rebels—but the time has not yet come when she can afford such a relaxation of her vigilance.

## 31 AWARDS FOR ACTION ON YANGTSE

London, Nov. 1.—Thirty-one individual awards to Royal Navy and Royal Air Force officers and men for their part in the now historic Yangtse incident were announced tonight as officers and men of the frigate, Amethyst, celebrated their homecoming.

The awards ranged from an appointment to the Distinguished Service Order, to mentions and posthumous mentions in despatches.

## WOUNDED IN CONSORT

The recipients included Commander Ian George Robertson, Commanding Officer of the destroyer consort, and Boy First Class Keith Conrill Martin of the Amethyst.

The King will confer these honours and others announced earlier at Buckingham Palace on November 17.

Commander Robertson, who was appointed a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order, was wounded when the consort went to aid the Amethyst after she had been fired upon by Chinese Communist forces. (Continued on Page 5)

## REYNOLDS ON HIS WAY

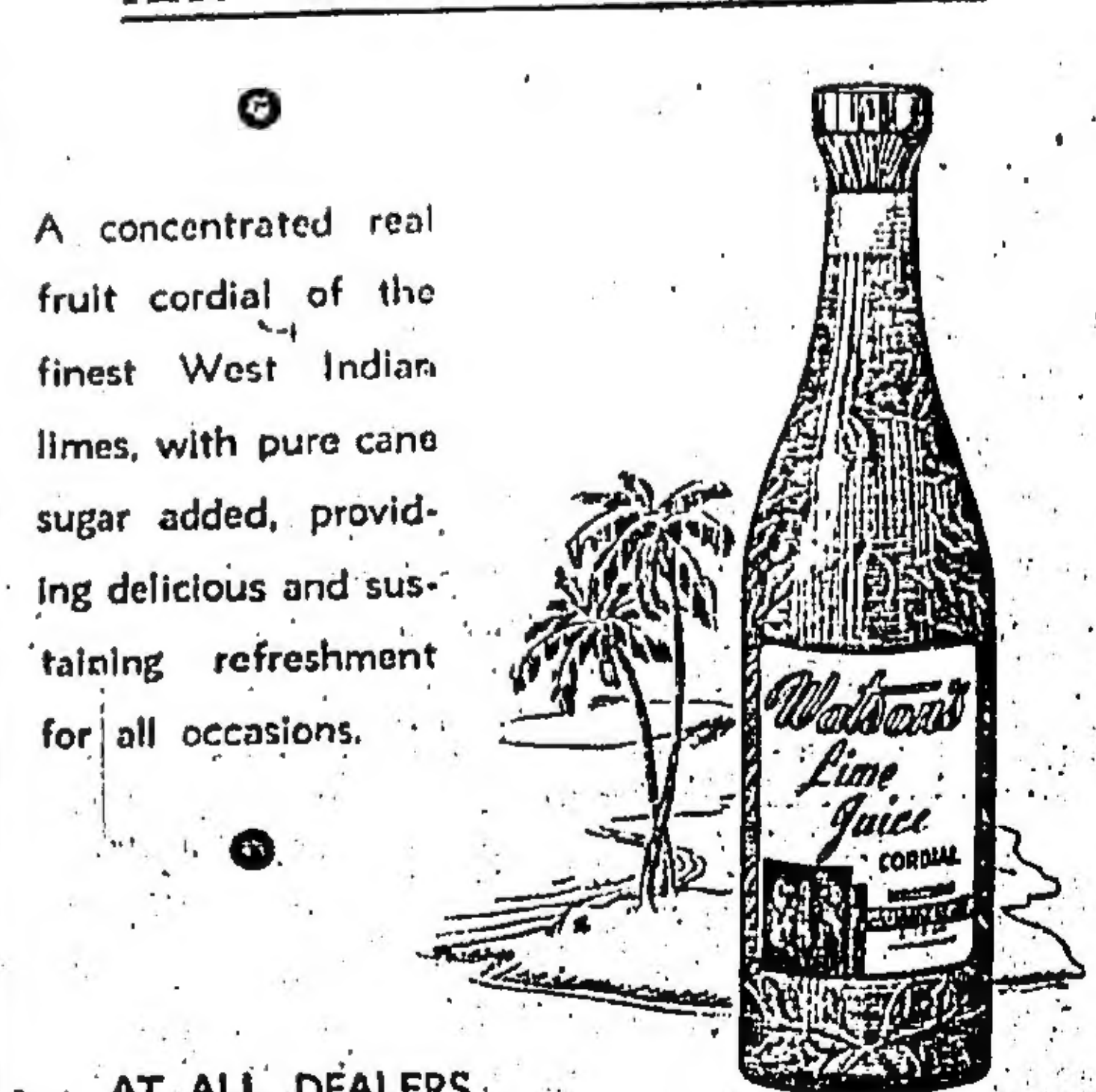
Chicago, Nov. 1.—The wealthy ball pen manufacturer, Milton Reynolds, attempting to set a new record for a round-the-world flight via commercial airlines, breezed into his home town today. Look a short breather and hopped off again for New York.

Airlines experts said he probably would gain about 20 minutes on his schedule due to tailwinds between here and New York, where he was expected to arrive originally at 11.50 a.m. A fellow traveller aboard the big TWA plane is movie actress Janet Leigh. —United Press.

## No Change In Calling Up

London, Nov. 1.—Mr. George Isaacs, Minister of Labour, told Parliament today that there would be no changes in the calling up procedure for the British armed forces. Mr. Isaacs gave no further details except to say that there were not likely to be any changes in the age groups of call-ups for a considerable time. —Reuter.

## AT YOUR SERVICE!



A concentrated real fruit cordial of the finest West Indian limes, with pure cane sugar added, providing delicious and sustaining refreshment for all occasions.

AT ALL DEALERS. \$2.25 per bottle.

**A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.**

HONGKONG TEL. 30347, 59135 KOWLOON



# ROXY

Perfectly Air-Conditioned  
7, CAUSEWAY BAY, Tel. 28626  
TOWN BOOKING OFFICE, 4 QUEEN'S RD. C.  
Seating Room 12.30-2.30 P.M. General Seating

FINAL  
SHOWING  
TO-DAY  
At 2.30, 5.30,  
7.30 & 9.30  
P.M.

FORTUNE-TELLER OR FORTUNE-HUNTER... PAULETTE'S A GAL WITH PLENTY ON THE BALL

**Ray MILLAND**  
**Paulette GODDARD**

**The Crystal Ball**

Directed by Eileen Ascroft  
Screen Play by Eileen Ascroft  
A Cinema Guild Production

GLADYS GEORGE - VIRGINIA FIELD  
CECIL KELLAWAY  
and WILLIAM BENDIX

ADDED ATTRACTIONS  
LATEST MOVIE-TONE NEWS!  
The Artists' presents  
**JOSE ITURBI**  
at the piano  
PICTORIAL FILMS PRESENTS  
MUSIC MINIATURES

1. "Loncorno Road"
2. "Hawaii War Chant"
3. "I'm a Shanty in the old Shanty Town"

TO-MORROW  
ZANE GREY'S

**"WESTERN UNION"**  
ROBERT YOUNG - RANDOLPH SCOTT  
BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

SHOWING **QUEEN'S** At 2.30, 5.15,  
TO-DAY 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

**"REIGN OF TERROR"**  
Flaming Spectacle of a World Gone Mad!

WALTER WANGER  
Production

Robert Cummings Arlene Dahl

ADDED! Big scenes from 25 different M-G-M  
super productions from 1924-1949!

## ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus

SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30-5.20-7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
A GRAND ROMANTIC COMEDY!

**THE SPITFIRE TEMPTRESS**  
DONOTHY LAMOUR  
**"Lulu Belle"**  
co-starring GEORGE MONTGOMERY  
ALBERT BAKER OTTO KRUGER  
GLENN FARRIELL - GREG GAGLER  
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

of David Belasco's  
celebrated  
dramatic stage  
success.

A BENEDICT BOGOSU PRODUCTION

SHOWING **MAJESTIC** At 2.30, 5.20,  
TO-DAY 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

BY POPULAR REQUEST!  
FOR ONE DAY ONLY!

No wonder Photoplay Magazine  
selected it as the  
"OUTSTANDING  
ACTION HIT  
OF THE YEAR!"

A Paramount Picture starring  
JOHN PAINE - GAIL RUSSELL  
STERLING HAYDEN - GEORGE "BOBBY" HAYES  
DICK LORAIN - A FOX-THOMAS PRODUCTION

Directed by LEWIS R. FOSTER

Color by CINECOLOR

TO-MORROW:  
RAMON DEL GADO  
SIGRID CURIE in  
**"SWORD OF THE AVENGER"**

# WOMANSENSE

## 200 guinea frocks—and bedtime at dawn

DEAUVILLE.

By EILEEN ASCROFT

SEASIDE town of fashion  
and fortunes—where  
women undress to go places,  
get up in time for lunch and  
never go to bed before  
breakfast—is Deauville,  
Northern France holiday  
resort.

First performers on the  
fashion stage are the little girls,  
who, unlike their mamas, rise  
early and go down to the beach  
with their pannies.

Uniform for boys and girls is  
a very tanned birthday suit on  
sunny days, long linen trousers  
for the boys on colder days and  
sun-topped gingham dresses for  
the girls, with matching sun-  
bonnets. (Uniform for nannies

seems to be the same the world  
over.)

Towards lunch-time gay  
young things start to drift  
down to the Bar du Soleil on  
the beach to drink aperitifs  
under bright striped umbrellas.

Cotton two-piece sun suits are  
the order of the day, with  
shirred waistbands to skirts and  
tiny tops with puff sleeves and  
low necks. (The more years you  
have, the less inches you wear.)

Hair styles are short and  
simple, sleek fitting to the head  
and "gamin" fringes are more  
and more popular.  
Morning get-up for the men,  
while their women are still

abed or beautifying, is a jacket  
worn over the shoulders dago-  
style and a long, thin cigarette  
holder.

Busiest man in Deauville be-  
fore noon is the local florist, de-  
livering bouquets to last night's  
conquerors—lovers—lifers  
with roses (average cost of a  
bouquet of roses and carnations  
is 5000 francs, about £5).

### PRE-LUNCH REGIME

COCKTAILS In the three big  
hotels—Normandie, Royal,  
and the Golf—all run by casino  
boss Monsieur Andre, is the pre-  
lunch regime. Nobody bothers  
to dress up for this.

Two-piece suits, tartan pants  
(the French have a veritable  
passion for Scottish tartans)  
with woollen jenkins and  
tailored wool suits are worn.

Lunch en famille in the big  
hotels where electric light flicks  
fitfully on and off, or on the  
pergola-filled terraces at about  
£2 a head.

Chateau steaks are simply  
enormous and overflow all over  
your plate. Plain from an Eng-  
lish lady on the next table,  
"How I wish the dogs were  
here!"

In the afternoon the small  
fashion plates return to the  
beach, their elders ride golf, sail,  
or play tennis. Afternoon tea  
does not exist unless you are  
visiting one of the luxurious  
English yachts lying in the river  
basin at Trouville.

Tartan trouser skirts for  
golf.  
Pastel tennis dress with  
matching lace-trimmed pants  
(a la "Gorgeous Gussie")

Swim suit of metallic flecked  
silk or elastic like a mermaid's  
tail.

Yachting outfit in crisp  
emerald green with Don en-  
velope panels and strapless top.

### SEEN AT RACES

LOVELIEST outfit at the races  
was worn by the Comtesse  
de Chavagnac who appeared each  
day in a new style. Latest  
creation was all in pale blue.

"After cocktail hour in the  
Normandie Bar, Deauville really  
comes to life.

Dinner at Ciro's, a flutter in  
the casino, then on to the night  
club Brummels until the early  
hours.

The short evening dress—much  
autumn Paris fashion—is new  
in evidence in stiff faille, pail-  
le or tulle. White is the favourite  
evening colour—beautiful with  
tanned skins—and much  
favoured by the evening beauties  
who look least well in it. Strangely  
enough, the over-  
fifties also have a passion for  
organdie chiffon, muslin and  
broderie anglaise.

### Belted Suit

Town Tweeds: Tweeds suits  
have a town air. New looking  
is the belt d suit which combines  
two blending tones of the same  
tweed in broad, alternating  
horizontal panels. This is eased  
above and below the waist.  
Slits in the small patterned  
tweed with tulip-shaped pockets,  
best in gold and in tan.

Teal, Taupe: Short and long  
jackets are both ordering in  
gabardine, with teal and taupe  
the biggest shades. Details on  
a leading short example are the  
arrow head marked inverted  
pleats at the triangle pocket  
detail; a luck across the bust  
both the examples have double  
breasted closings.

### JANE'S PLANE



After a three-weeks' visit to  
England for a variety appear-  
ance, Jane Russell leaves London  
Airport for America.

London Express Service

### BAGGY NEWS

MARCASITE studded frames,  
barrel shapes, brocades,  
velvets and gold kid bags are  
featured in a new collection of  
bags designed for the season.

The success bag of the season  
is a New York firm is a little  
barrel shape with shortened  
tophandle, shown in marcasite  
frame with a black suede  
barrel, in brocade, velvet and  
gold kid.

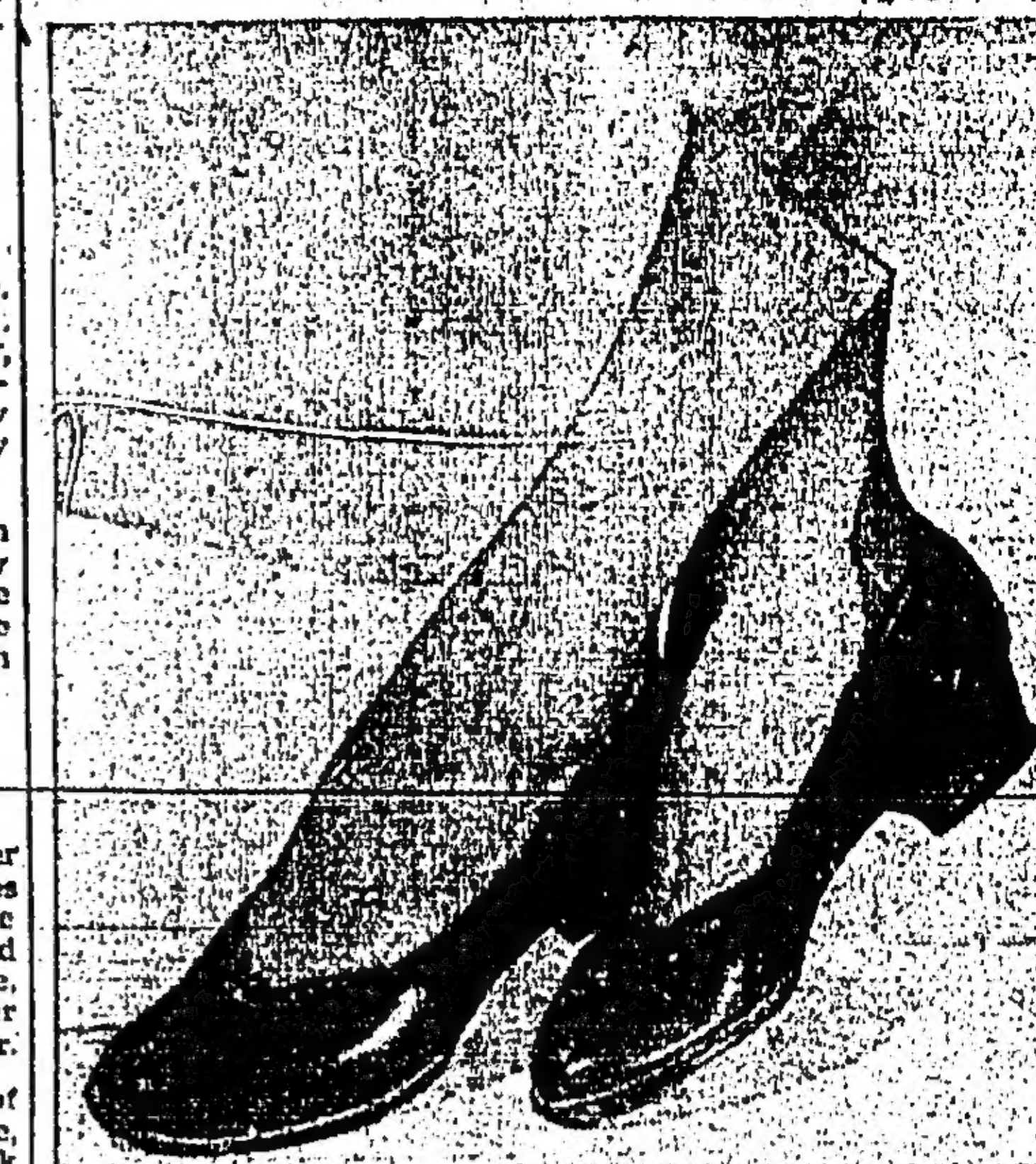
The marcasite, trimmed series  
is moderately priced, done in  
black suede. Silhouettes include  
draped pouches, barrels, en-  
velopes and satchels. Marcasite  
frames are also shown with  
black satin. A roomy black  
satin satchel with a marcasite  
set-in clasp is particularly  
effective.

In calf, there is a new shoulder  
strap bag with the side metal  
catches of the handle doubling  
as clasps for the framed com-  
partment. A handy outside  
pocket is another feature of  
this bag, which is leather lined.

Fine quality, alligator bags  
are shown for gift promotions in  
satchel types and in a large  
kidney-shaped box.

A group of black suede soft  
box bags are done with  
stimulated tortoise shell lid  
closings.

## Buy Good Shoes With Right Fit



Ideals for walking and for wear with sport clothes, are these shoes—  
with comfortable flat heels. They have a V-throat, soles of pliable  
leather.

By HELEN FOLLETT

WOULD you have the light-  
step? Would you carry  
your clothes with distinction?  
Then keep yourself perfectly  
shod. Style and posture start  
at the feet. A smart open  
pump, a low cut sandal, beau-  
tifully made and decorated,  
may excite admiring glances  
but not if the shoe is uncom-  
fortable because then the body  
will be thrown out of balance,  
gait will be painful and awk-  
ward.

Shoes are the most impor-  
tant detail of dress; if they  
are not precisely right, exactly  
what you should have, you are  
thrown completely out of form.  
A twinging toe will put frowns  
between your eyes and shadows  
under them, and twisting toes  
are usually caused by pres-  
sure of the shoe.

In a high-class, reliable shoe  
store, where experienced clerks  
are employed, the customer  
will be given advice. It is a  
question though whether or not  
she will need it, since  
most women have fixed ideas  
by itself.



## Home-made Jam As Christmas Gifts

"TODAY I shall make jam,  
and not to be a jam I  
shall start early," the Chef  
chuckled. "Here are four cartons  
of jelly glasses with metal  
covers. And I stopped at the  
market for peaches and plums,  
grapes and pears," he remarked.

"Sounds like a lot of jam,"  
I observed. "Probably more than  
I can use. But I'd like at least 2  
dozen half-pint glasses for  
Christmas remembrances."  
"How would you like me to  
make up several dozen small  
glasses, Madame? Then you  
could send an assortment to  
your friends, compliments of  
the Chef. They would look very  
attractive in a Christmas box,  
in a bed of shredded white  
paper, so the glasses will not  
break."

**Contrasting Colours**  
I nodded approval, and the  
Chef continued. "For an  
assortment of confections it is  
nice to have contrasting colours.  
Would you like today, Madame,  
that I concentrate on peach and  
ginger jam and grape and plum  
jelly?"  
"They sound delicious, Chef,  
and would look well to-  
gether in gift boxes. The peach-  
ginger jam would be good with  
meats, and the grape and plum  
jelly would be delightful with  
French toast."

"It is also tart enough to  
serve with smoked ham or  
tongue, Madame. Before I  
learned of the American way  
of making jelly and jam I was  
always a little nervous for  
fear the confection would not  
set. So much so that I was  
called the peelin in it. They  
net together to make the con-  
fiture firm. One cannot really  
know whether or not the fruit  
contains the right amount of  
these elements; but when you  
add commercial pectin you are  
sure. At first I did not like  
the idea of using this. I  
thought it was a kind of gelatin,  
or starch, but I found that it  
was made from high grade  
dried apple pulp which was  
fine. Then I found more sugar  
must be used and thought it  
would make the confection too  
sweet; but when we tested and  
found out that the boiling time  
is cut way down, so the juice  
does not boil away, it was plain  
that the jelly would not be too  
sweet, because the extra sugar  
was needed to sweeten a large  
quantity of juice. And it is  
economical, because the fruit  
makes more jelly."

**Christmas Boxes**  
Lined up were sixty-four  
small glasses of peach and  
ginger jam and sparkling grape  
and plum jelly ready for the  
Christmas boxes.

"Really Chef, I must taste.  
I'd like some of the grape and  
plum jelly, right now with  
French toast for lunch. And a  
tall glass of iced tea with it.  
And next time we have stewed  
chicken let's serve some of your  
peach and ginger jam to pep  
it up."

**Grape and Plum Jelly**  
Wash and stem 1½ lb. ripe  
concord grapes and crush to a  
pulp. Also wash and crush 2  
lb. ripe plum plums. (Do not  
peel or remove the pits). Com-  
bine, add ¾ cup water, bring  
to a boil, cover and simmer 10  
minutes. Transfer to a jelly  
bag and squeeze out the juice.  
Measure exactly 3½ cups into a  
large sauce pan. If there is any  
less juice, add water to make  
up the balance. If there is too  
much, save the remainder to  
use in making a sauce or fruit  
cup. Next, with the same cup,  
measure out 4½ cups granu-  
lated sugar. Place the sauce  
pan holding the juice over high  
heat. Add 1 box powdered  
fruit pectin and stir until the  
mixture comes to a hard boil.  
Stir in the sugar at once. Then  
bring to a full rolling boil and  
boil hard 1 minute, stirring  
constantly. Remove from the  
heat. Skim and ladle quickly  
into sterilized glasses. Pour  
over ¼ inch melted paraffin.  
Cover when cold. Makes 8 (8  
oz.) glasses.

**Peach and Ginger Jam**  
Peel and cut up 2½ lbs. soft  
ripe peaches. Chop or grind  
fine. There should be exactly  
3½ cups. If there is less use a  
few more peaches. Transfer  
this peach pulp to a large sauce  
pan. Next small-slice enough  
candied ginger to make ½ cup  
and add to ½ cups granula-  
ted sugar. Set aside until need-  
ed. Place the sauce pan con-  
taining the fruit over a high  
heat. Add 1 box powdered  
fruit pectin and stir until the  
mixture comes to a hard boil.  
Stir in the sugar at once. Bring  
to a full rolling boil and  
boil hard for 1 minute, stirring  
constantly. Remove from the heat,  
and finish as directed in the  
preceding recipe.

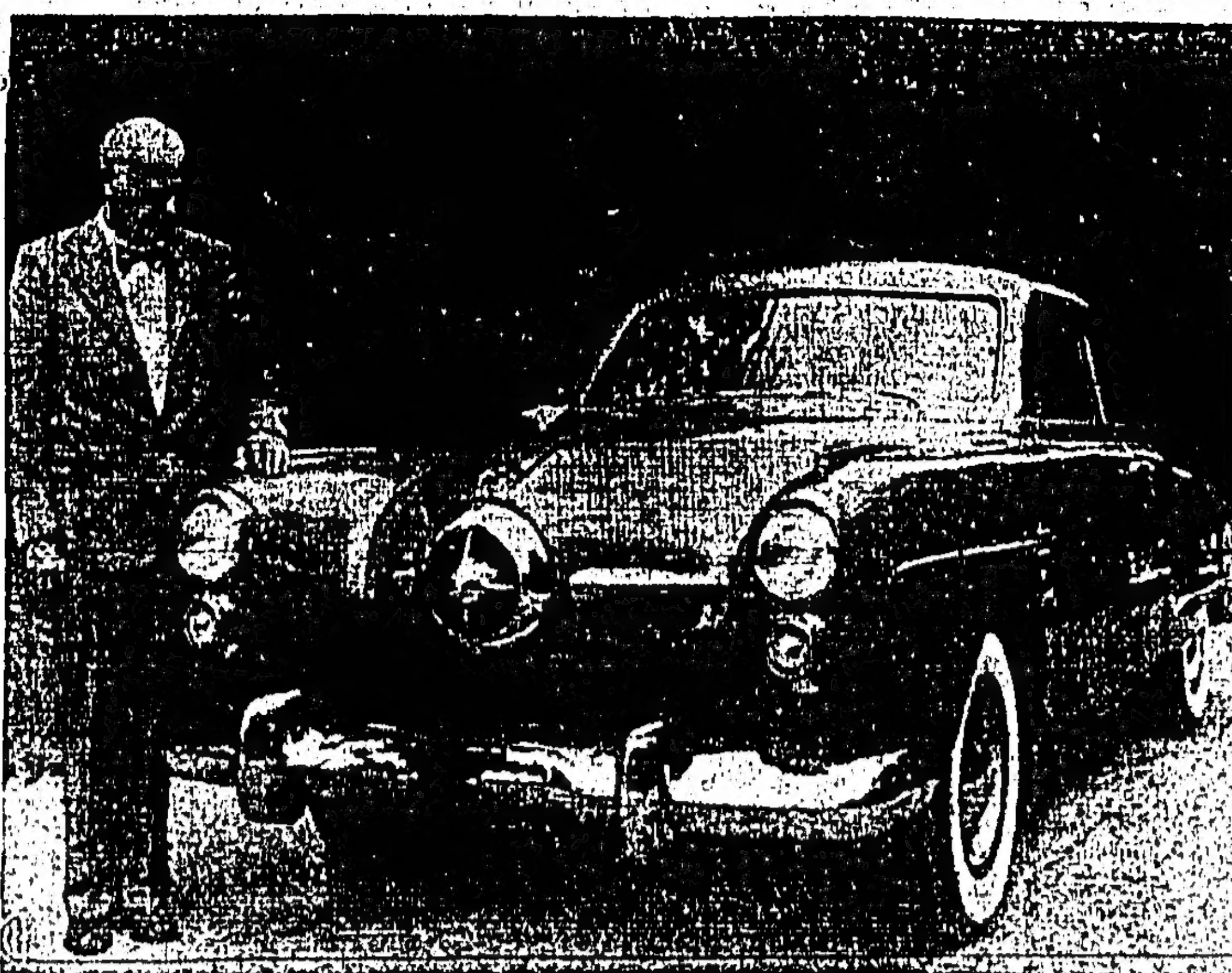
**Dinner**  
Grated Tuna Saladettes  
Green Peppers with Lamb  
Stuffed  
Tomato Sauce  
Stewed Plums - Ginger Snaps  
Hot or Iced Coffee or Tea  
Milk (Children)  
All Measurements Are Level  
Unless Stated Otherwise  
**Grated Tuna Saladettes**  
In a bowl combine the con-  
tents of 1 (7 oz.) tin of grated  
tuna, ¼ c. fine-grated carrot,  
¼ c. fine-grated fresh  
celery and ½ (tbsp.) minced  
parsley. Add salt, pepper, and  
onion salt to taste. Blend with  
boiled salad dressing. Chill and  
serve in nests of lettuce. Top  
each serving with a little extra  
dressing and a bit of pickle,  
sliced olive or a "carrot  
flower."



## PICTORIAL NEWSFRONT



**IN MINIATURE**—This exact replica of a railway system in Pomona, California, represents 26 years of labour by Herman Howard. The model, scaled one inch to the foot, is electrically operated and includes block system displaying signals.



**TOMORROW'S CAR TODAY**—Harold S. Vance, president of the Studebaker Corp., looks over his radically different new 1950 passenger car at the proving grounds near South Bend, Indiana. The car that set the postwar styling pace for the industry seems to have done it again. The air-foll fenders and aeroplane-fuselage-type hood set off by a chrome "spinner" figure prominently in the beauty of this design.



**IT'S NOT A LIZARD**—The Tuatara looks and crawls like a lizard, but it's the sole survivor of a group of ancient reptiles that resemble fossil dinosaurs. This living example, sometimes two feet long, is found in small numbers on islands off the coast of Auckland, New Zealand.



**HEAVYWEIGHTS**—Mrs. Martha Szabo, already the mother of six, adds two more to her family in Cleveland, Ohio. The new twins caused considerable comment at birth because their combined weight was more than 18 pounds, a record at the hospital.



**DEAD LIKENESS**—The plant life surrounding these lions in the California Academy of Sciences, in San Francisco, California, is authentic in colours, shapes and sizes, but is made of wax, crepe paper, wool flock, wire and gauze. Miss Velma Harris, Assistant to the Director of the Academy, can reproduce all types of plant life, sea life or anything necessary for exhibits, without using natural materials.



**BALLERINA WITH HER DOG**—Ballerina Rosella Hightower arrived in New York for a vacation. She's been touring Europe with a troupe for the last three years, and will soon return to join the ballet group for the Paris season. She brought her pet with her.



**AS TIME GOES BY**—Obviously the contrast here is merely one of bathing suits, old and new, for there are things that never change. These models, in Hampton Beach, New Hampshire, are lovely Patti Palmer, left, and Brik Tons who have all they need in the way of churn.



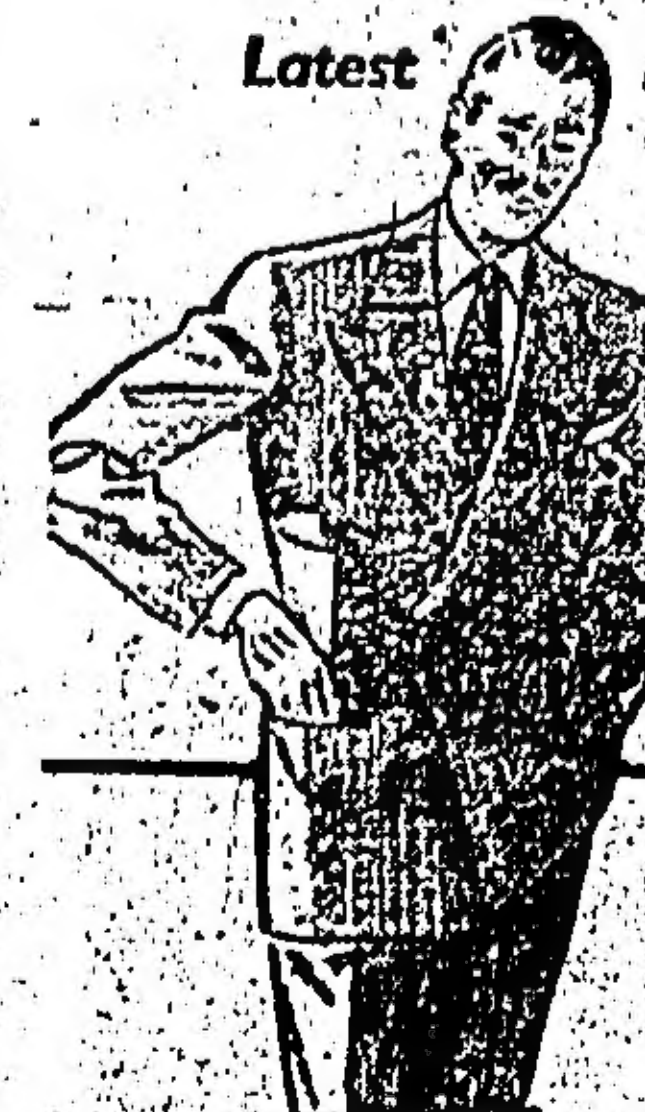
**HELP YOURSELVES**—When this vegetable truck crashed into a tram in Los Angeles, California, streams of orange juice ran all over the street. Ten passengers and the truck driver required first aid—but there was free orange juice for everyone.



**ACADEMY SMILE**—Academy winner Jane Wyman smiles on the deck of the Queen Mary as it docked in New York. She has just finished a picture in England.

**WHITEWAYS**  
(WHITEWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.)  
POST BOX 470 HONG KONG TELEPHONES: 28052 32567

Latest lounge suits from London



Simpson are sending us their clothes again! What a pleasure to be able to offer you lounge suits with that authoritative cut that is the mark of this famous London firm!

**Simpson**  
LONDON TAILORED

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG FOR THIS FAMOUS BRAND OF READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING

THESE LOUNGE SUITS ARE AVAILABLE IN VARIOUS STYLES AND AN EXCELLENT RANGE OF COLOURINGS. SUITABLE FOR PRESENT WEAR

**Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.**





ADVANCE BOOKING OFFICE  
CHINA TRAVEL SERVICE 4, QUEEN'S RD. C.  
BOOKING HOURS: 11.00 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. daily  
(Take Any Eastbound Tram or Route No. 5 Bus)  
COMMENCING TO-DAY  
Daily At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



## WUTHERING HEIGHTS

The Strangest Love Story Ever Told  
with  
Flora Robson • Donald Crisp • Geraldine Fitzgerald  
Screenplay by Ben Hecht and Charles MacArthur  
Directed by WILLIAM WYLER  
ALSO LATEST GAUMONT BRITISH NEWS—  
Hongkong ready as Communists reach border.  
British winners of International Film Awards.  
Army exercises reach final stage in Germany.

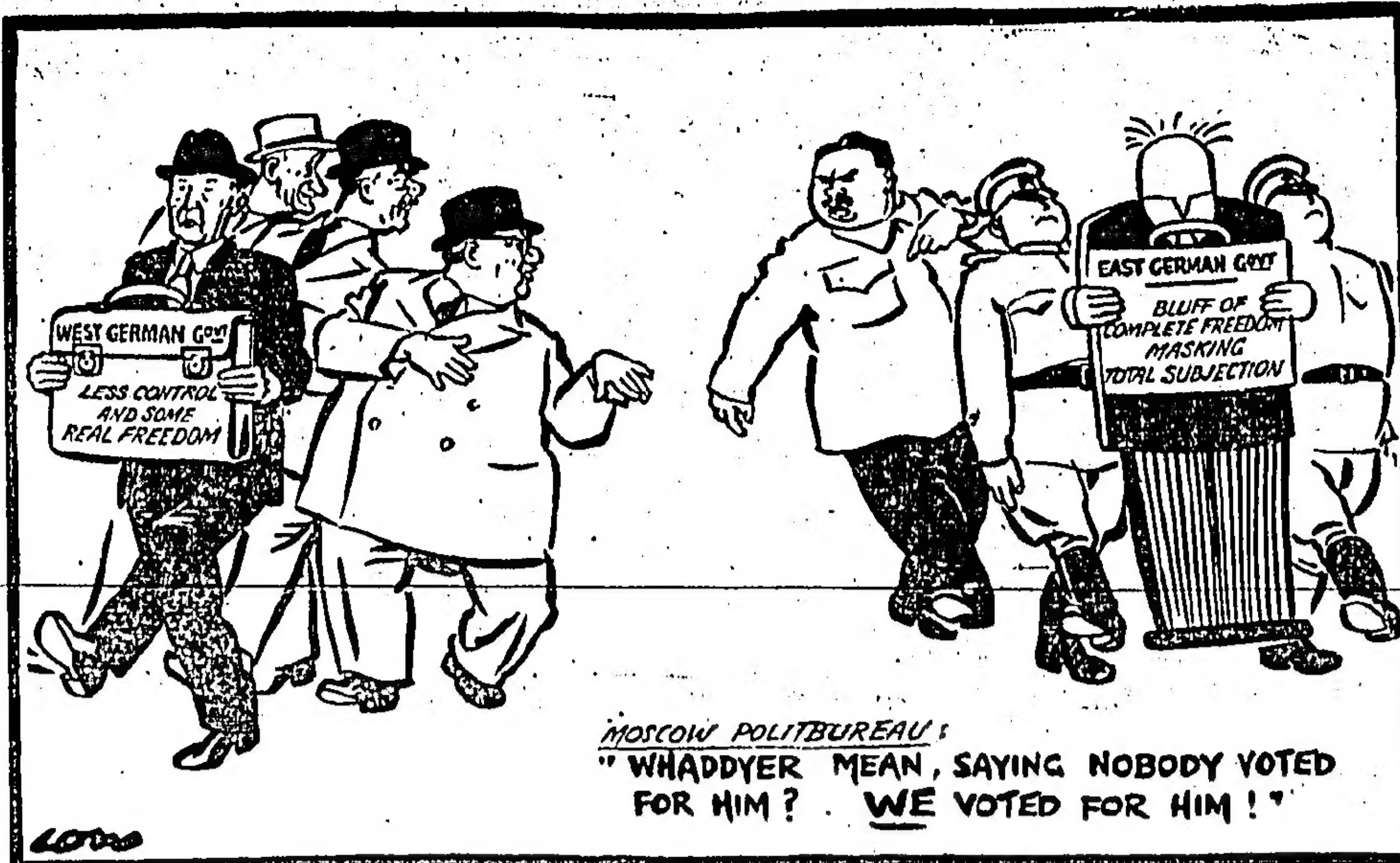
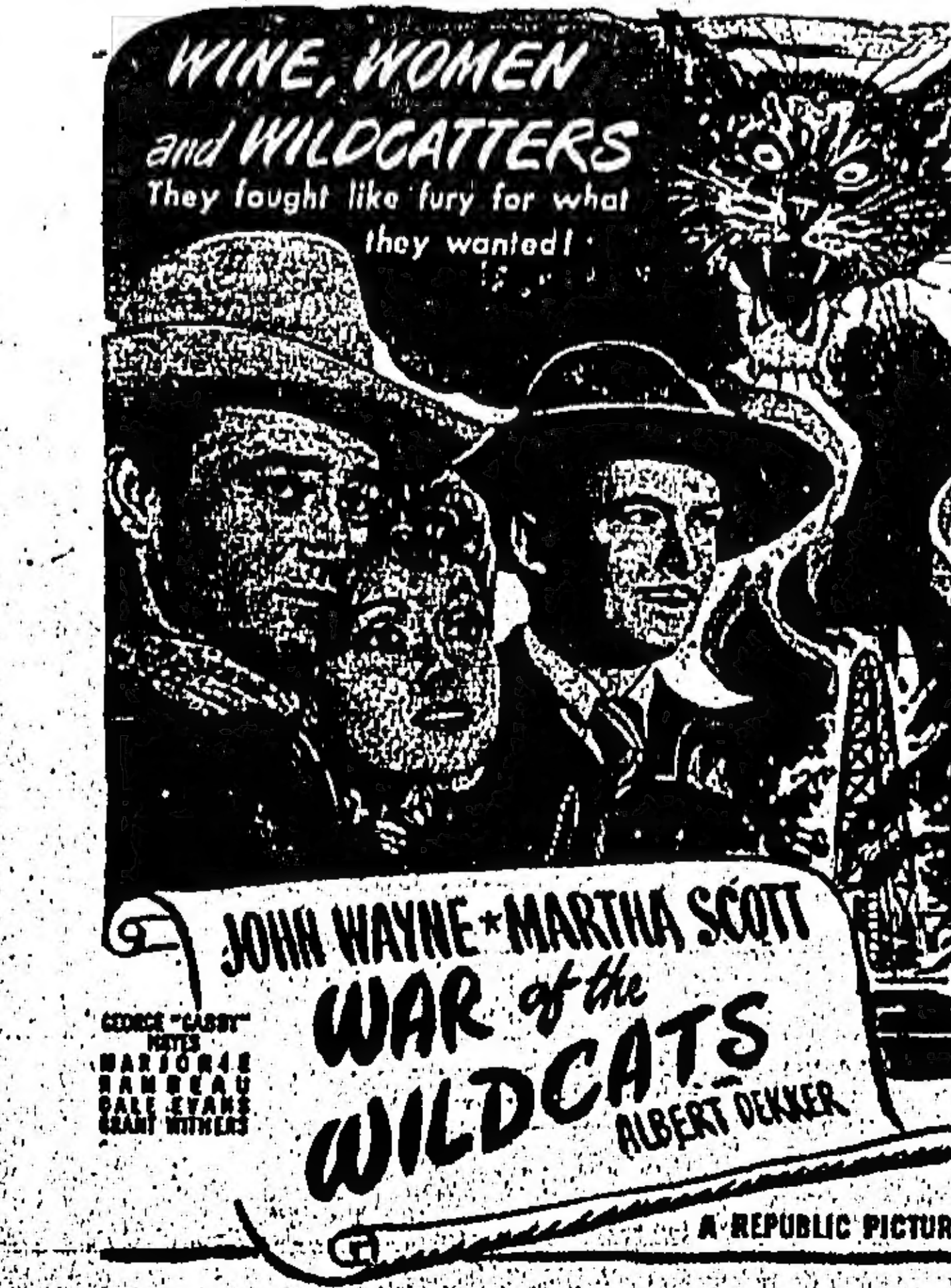
SHOWING TO-DAY  
**KING'S**  
AIR-CONDITIONED  
AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



## ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS

1. THE FIRST PICTURES OF THE DEFENCE OF HONG KONG:  
Training of local Police to meet emergency!  
Troop manoeuvres in New Territory!  
Re-inforcement of R.A.F.I.
2. SHANGHAI REFUGEES ARRIVED ON S.S. GENERAL GORDON.
3. FIRST PICTURES OF THE TRIUMPHANT COMMUNIST ENTRY IN SHANGHAI.

**ALHAMBRA**  
AIR FRESHENED  
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



## What The Well-dressed Moon-man Will Wear

By CHAPMAN PINCHER

A "SPACE-SUIT" in which rocket-borne explorers may one day scramble over the moon's deeply cratered crust has been designed by technicians of the British Interplanetary Society.

Its four-layered fabric forms a rigid pressurised skin in which the wearer could breathe and feed. Lunar finds could be passed into the suit through an air lock for close-up examination. The silvered cape gives a means of regulating heat-loss from the matt-black chest plate.

The suit weighs more than ten stones but, because of the moon's small gravitational pull, it would seem no heavier than 25lb.

Forgetting nothing, the designers—H. E. ROSS and R. A. SMITH—have provided an electrically heated shooting stick. This would save the tired explorer from sitting on the moon's jagged rocks which in daytime are baked to oven heat and at night are colder than Antarctic ice.

### The Night-life Of A Thrush

★ HOW SOUNDLY does a thrush sleep through the night? Scientists have worked for months to settle this question. Now, as often happens when trivial points are investigated, they have made a discovery which throws new light on a major mystery—bird-migration.

The chart below—based on the scientists' report, just published—records the slumber of a missel-thrush on a northern winter's night.

The thrush was kept in a cage fitted with a metal perch. Electric shocks just strong enough to tickle the roosting bird's feet were passed through the perch while scientists watched through a peephole. The strength of the shocks needed to make the thrush open its eyes at successive hours of the night was a measure of the depth of its sleep.

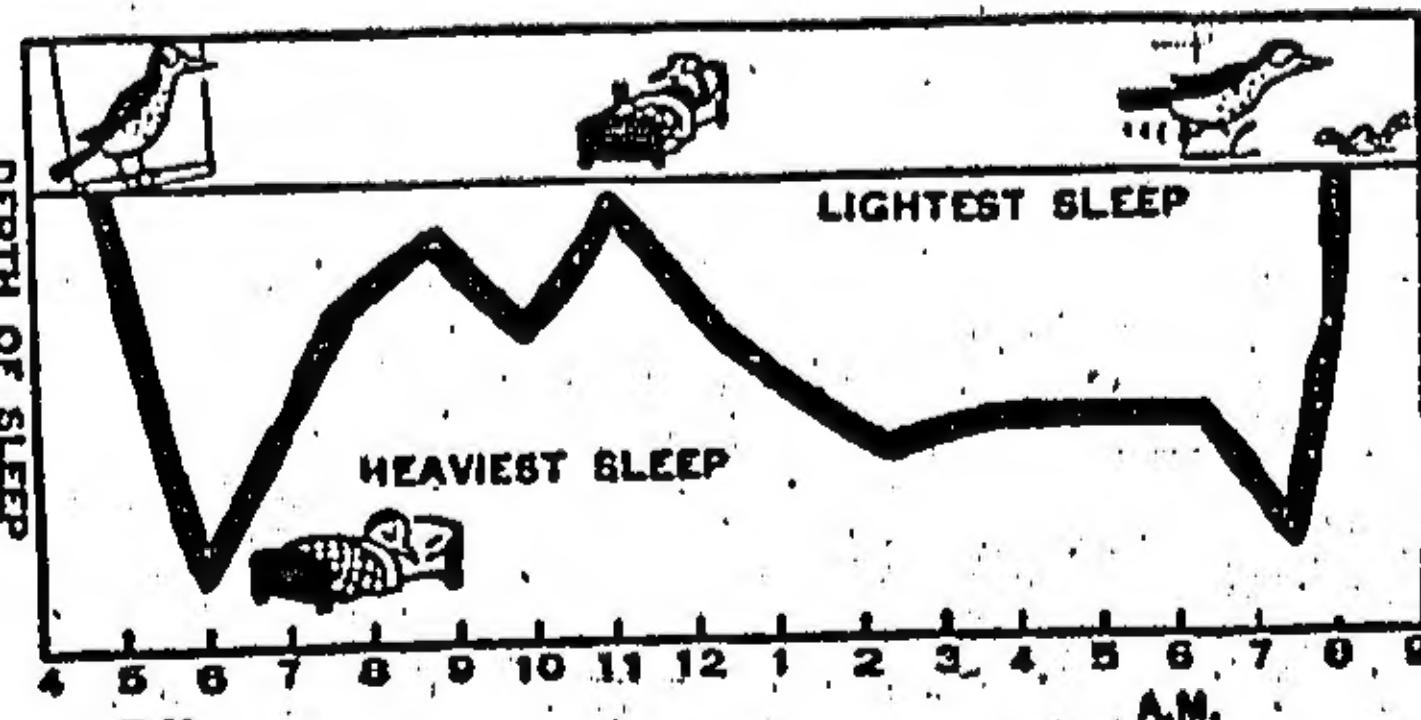
Soon after sundown the bird's mental activity dropped below the "waking threshold"—the level above which it remains conscious. The bird then fell rapidly into the deepest sleep of the night.

It gradually pulled out of this and nearly woke up at 11 p.m. But before its mental activity reached waking strength the bird nodded off into deep slumber again. It was fast asleep an hour before sunrise. Then it woke up suddenly and started the day.

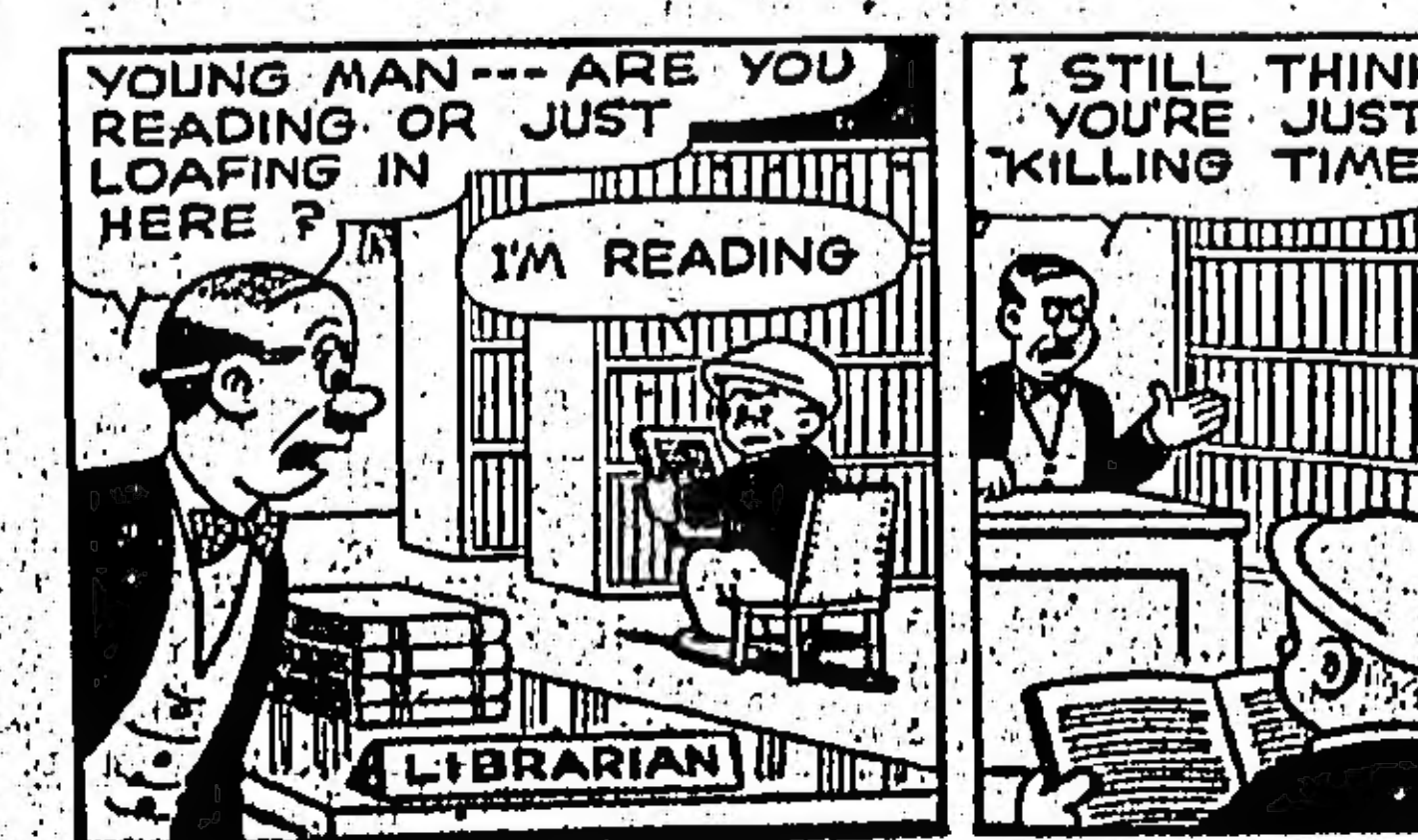
Tests with more thrushes, spotted flycatchers, whitethroats, and garden warblers on other days gave similar results. Then the whole series was confirmed by experiments with another device which recorded the natural restlessness of birds in sleep. So Dr Pontus Palmgren, the Finnish scientist who did the research in Helsinki, believes the chart is typical for most of the smaller British birds.

The significant discovery is the fact that in the normal rhythm of their sleep, birds nearly wake up an hour or two before midnight. This may at last explain why many birds set off on their long migration at that time.

Flying by night leaves them the daylight for feeding. But



### NANCY The Bookworm Turns



what is the natural alarm clock which wakes them up before midnight on migration night? Palmgren's explanation:—

After the nesting season the depth of a bird's sleep gradually decreases day by day until the 11 o'clock peak of mental activity rises above the waking threshold.

So one early autumn night a bird finds itself so wide awake that the instinctive urge to find new feeding grounds is triggered off, and it sets out southwards with any others equally restless.

### The Last Drop

★ THE LATEST discovery of the dairy scientists—that to even the most skilful milker the average cow yields less than 80 percent of her available stock of milk at any one time—will shock all conscientious cowmen.

Sadder still will be the news that the milk which the cow withholds contains a greater weight of butter fat than all the milk in the bucket. The cowman's only consolation is the fact that the most efficient milking machines do no better.

The scientists at Reading's Dairy Research Institute, who put these claims forward, have found a foolproof way of convincing any sceptics. By injecting a "milked dry" cow with a plant-extract they can immediately get all the cream the expert milker missed.

This injection, called oxytocin, may eventually be used on farms. The milk missed by the cowman reduces the next day's production, research shows. So, over a year, a cow's output should be increased if she could be milked dry every day.

### Germ Killer

★ DOCTORS have long known that without a regular supply of iron the body cannot produce enough red blood corpuscles to remain healthy. This knowledge has been vital in the treatment of anaemia.

Now scientists, using the new tools provided by atomic research, have found that minute supplies of another metal—zinc—are essential for the health of the white blood corpuscles, which destroy invading germs.

### Eel-Aged 56

★ THE LONGEST-LIVED eel in the world has just died, aged 56, at Tain, Ross-shire. It was caught in 1893 as a match-sized two-year-old, wriggling up the local river after a Transatlantic swim from its Sargasso Sea birth-place.

On a daily diet of two worms tossed into its glass tank it grew to be a foot long and an inch thick.

It might have reached double this size in the river, but its life would have been much shorter. Probably because it reached 16 it would have obeyed a sudden urge to swim back to the Sargasso deeps, to spawn there and inevitably die.

### Accountancy!

★ THE STOMACH of a well-fed blue whale was examined by scientists recently. It contained 5,000,000 small shrimps.

—(London Express Service)

## SITTING ON THE FENCE

By . . . Nathaniel Gubbins

A REPORT I have been reading indicates that, as the Argentines are now eating more and more of their own meat, their dance numbers are getting hotter and hotter.

Argentina, Argentina, Argentina  
Where the seniors are a little less refined  
Where they do a 'hotter number'  
Than the tempo of the tango  
Cos they eat a lot of meat in Argentina.

Portobello, Portobello, Portobello  
Where every girl can meet a decent fellow  
There dancing is refined  
On their bread and margarine  
There's not a lot of meat in Portobello.

Argentina, Argentina, Argentina  
Your hotcha hotcha hotcha could be cleaner  
You could dance a cooler number  
On a sandwich of cucumber  
But you eat a lot of meat in Argentina.

Argentina, Argentina, Argentina  
The men of Portobello are much leaner  
They don't get nasty habits  
On a diet of boiled rabbits  
But they're leaner and they're keener  
And they're cleaner.

Argentina, Argentina, Argentina  
Every day in every way you're getting meaner  
You can dance your hot fan-dango  
You can tango on your man-goes  
You can keep your lousy meat in Argentina.

### Letter from a seal

DEAR SIR,  
As a performing seal of many years' experience, may I offer, through your valuable paper, my congratulations to Sammy the Seal for his swim across the Channel?  
You will realise, of course, that almost any seal could swim the Channel and back before breakfast.  
Even though I am quite an old trawler now, I could have done it myself if I'd had the backing.  
I have been on the stage from the age of six months, and have been at the top (or nearly the top) of the bill in Manchester, friend, Mr Bernard Baruch, wearing a black siren suit.

Liverpool, Bradford, Glasgow, and all the big cities and large towns too numerous to mention.  
In our double comedy act, with dance and patter, my wife and I have usually got more laughs than the £400 a week comedians, and I think I can say without fear of contradiction that ours has always been a clean act, which is more than you can say of most comedy stuff.

One evening, at Scunthorpe, we had six encores, which so annoyed the juggler, who got the terry (raspberry), that he stole some of our herrings for his supper. When one is a success one always has to put up with jealousy.

So, although I wish good luck to Sammy and hope he cashes in on the publicity, I can't help thinking it a pity that an American seal with American backing should do it first.

What's the matter with British seals? My wife and I would be pleased to contact any agent interested in a husband-and-wife Channel swim, Dover to Calais and back.

Yours faithfully,  
A Seal.

### Dialling T.U.M.

"HULLO. Is that my 'stomach'?"  
"Your stomach speaking."  
"What is my liver doing now? Standing at ease?"  
"Lying at ease, I think."  
"You're the sergeant. Got him on parade, will you?"  
"I'll try."  
"That's an order. And wake yourself up, too."  
"Yes, sir."

"Is Liver standing up now? Properly at ease? Head back, shoulders back, hands clasped behind the back, feet 18 inches apart?"  
"Not quite as good as that, sir."  
"Call him to attention."  
"Yes, sir."

"Let me hear you shout 'Liver Liver Liver' wait for it, Liver . . . Liver SHUN. Sharply and smartly, now."

"Liver . . . Liver SHUN."  
"What's happened?"  
"He's fallen down, sir."  
"Drunk on parade?"  
"Too early, sir. Just idle, sir."

"Idle on parade? Take his name, sergeant."  
"Yes, sir."  
"The sentence is to deal with two doubles in ten minutes." "But your gout, sir."  
"Mind your own business. Stand by for the first double."  
"Yes, sir."  
—(London Express Service)

## C.V.R. Thompson Reports The American Scene

### NEW YORK

SO MANY dollar passengers want to come to Britain next summer that "Waiting-list only" signs have gone up in most steamship offices.

Trying to book a tourist for a friend next June, I was told nothing could be guaranteed in either tourist or cabin class till August. Everything east-bound, except first-class, is booked up for May, June, and July.

Evaluation and talk that living in Europe will be dirt cheap for Americans have caused the boom.

But shipping men expect some cancellations. Said one: "We suspect people are making as many as four bookings on different dates. When they finally choose the date they want they will cancel the others."

Air travel to Britain is booming. Since the winter cut-rates started recently planes which are usually half-empty at this time of the year have been booked solid.

"It can't keep up this way," an airline official told me. "At the moment it's fantastic."

SEEN in Central Park: Mr Churchill's best American

friend, Mr Bernard Baruch, wearing a black siren suit.

POLICE in the peaceful Connecticut town of Enfield refuse Mrs Paul Robeson a gun permit. Said they: "It's this gangster on you for your husband's political views." But Mrs Robeson is now reported to be sleeping with a knife under her pillow.

THE POSTMAN brought me a catalogue as big as a phone book, designed to make Christmas shopping easier. It is sent by Sears, Roebuck and Company, the Chicago mail order house. Every item of the 15,000 listed is down in price.

BACKGROUND of the resignation of Dr Edwin Nourse, chairman of President Truman's Council of Economic Advisers, is that Dr Nourse is a Free Enterprise. He has constantly fought other Truman advisers who want more controls and more Government spending.

COLD WAR expert, Mr James Byrnes, President Truman's first Secretary of State, says he

is considering ending his retirement by running for the South Carolina Governorship. His aim this time is a cold war against Truman and his "Welfare State."

FOR SALE notices for Bleak House, Broadstairs, the home of Charles Dickens, appeared recently in the New York newspapers.

[Bleak House, on the cliff overlooking the bay, is to be auctioned on November 10. Mr Albert Batchelor, the 30-year-old owner, has lived there for 30 years. He said: "I am going to Rhodessa because this is not the England I knew before the war."]

SHOW BUSINESS: Broadway was warned by the League of New York Theatres that in ten years there will not be any more "live shows." It costs too much to come down soon. . . .

Slip Ralph Richardson is getting rave reviews from New York critics for his performance in the film version of "The Heiress." . . .

Ronald Colman soon begins a new career—as a radio comedian. . . . Hollywood is expected to make a star of John Barrymore Jun.

By Ernie Bushmiller





# America Charged With "Enslaving" Greece

## POLISH ALLEGATION IN UN POLITICAL COMMITTEE

Lake Success, Nov. 1.—Dr Katz-Suchy, the Polish delegate, declared today that there was "no real evidence" that the majority of the members of the United Nations Political Committee had "made a serious effort to dissolve the real basis for unrest in the Balkans."

Speaking during the Committee's resumed debate on the Greek question, he said the Security Council, the General Assembly and the Balkans Commission had "howled to the dictates of the United States and to its determination to make Greece and Turkey a spearhead of American aggression in Europe."

### A Son For Lamour



Dorothy Lamour, the film star of saring fame, has given birth to a son—her second—at Hollywood. Miss Lamour is married to William Howard, an advertising agent.

## CIO Ban On Communists

### Executive Board To Be Purged

Cleveland, Nov. 1.—The Convention of the Congress of Industrial Organisation today approved a proposal to weed out from positions of power all Communists and pro-Communist officials.

The convention voted overwhelmingly to change the national constitution to forbid Communists and Left-wing members to serve on the powerful CIO Executive Board, the governing body of the CIO between national conventions.

Entire delegations from Left-wing unions walked off the convention floor immediately after the vote, but Mr Harry Bridges, leader of the Left-wing dock workers, told newsmen they would all be back.

A vote was taken after almost five hours of speeches by Right and Left-wing faction leaders. The CIO president, Mr Philip Murray, closed the debate with blunt accusations that Left-wingers were bent on completely by the Communist Party, that they were not interested in trade unionism and that they were "out to destroy the CIO, the American labour movement, our Government and our way of life."

### "VILE PLOTS"

Delegates sat in silence as Mr Murray delivered one of the most historic speeches he had ever given a labour union convention. He accused the Communists and pro-Communist of conducting "vile and diabolical plots" against himself, the CIO and the United States.

"We want no part of the Communist Party, and we shall have no part of the Communist Party," he declared. "The time for decision is at hand."

As delegates of the United Electrical Workers withdrew, Mr Harry Bridges, Left-wing leader of the Longshoremen's Union, opened the fight to keep his organization within the CIO.

"We don't intend to change our policies," he shouted defiantly. "I am not a bit afraid to stand alone if necessary. My union will get by, but we have no plans to leave the CIO."—United Press.

The Truman Doctrine had proved itself "an instrument for enslaving Greece" and for the establishment of military bases against Greece's Northern neighbours.

Since this doctrine was proclaimed, he added, Greece had come completely under United States control.

### PROVOCATIVE ACTS

The Greek situation gave the United States and its Allies an excellent opportunity to engage in "provocative acts" against the neighbours of Greece and these were "the real danger to Greece."

Colonel Abdul Rahim Khan, of Pakistan, said that the members of the Balkans Commission had not only discharged their duties with absolute honesty and truthfulness, but under the most trying conditions, and with extremely insufficient means, they had done a very good job of work.

"There cannot be two opinions with regard to where the Greek guerrillas get the aid and assistance that enables them to continue their fight against the Greek Government," he added.

"My Government is satisfied from the information at its disposal that Albania and Bulgaria continue to render aid and assistance to the Greek guerrillas."

"Once this fact is accepted, further action by the United Nations in the Greek affair becomes fairly simple."

### "BOUNDEN DUTY"

"It is the bounden duty of this Organisation to do everything in its power to protect Greece from the consequences of the interference in its internal affairs by its neighbours."

"The Pakistan delegation will support the joint resolution before the Committee. My delegation also finds itself in full agreement with the terms and spirit of the resolution moved by the delegations of China, Australia, the United Kingdom and the United States relating to the fate of the Greek children," he added.—Reuter.

## INNISKILLINGS OFF AGAIN

Belfast, Nov. 1.—The first of the Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers left here today for Liverpool to embark for their new station—Kingstown, Jamaica.

The Regiment has just spent six weeks in Northern Ireland after 15 years of continuous service in India and the Far East.

The Inniskillings were one of the first British units to do service in the West Indies 250 years ago.—Reuter.

## SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"Too late! I was hoping we'd get home from the show before your father fixed the baby's eleven o'clock bottle!"

## Mob Rule In Capital Of Bechuanaland

### Sorotse Khama Figures In Inquiry

Johannesburg, Nov. 1.—Serowe, capital of Bechuanaland, is now under mob rule, a British Judicial inquiry was told at its opening session today.

Tshekedi Khama, the Bamangwato tribe's former regent, would be risking his life if he returned to Serowe, it was stated.

The Commission, headed by Sir Walter Harrington, King's Counsel, was appointed by the British Government to inquire into the suitability as chief of the tribe of Serotse Khama, 29, nephew of Tshekedi.

Serotse's wife is Ruth Williams, a former London typist. Serotse, wearing a smart grey suit, took his seat early today in the public square of the mud-brick capital, but his wife stayed at home.

Tshekedi, too, was absent. He is now at Lokisi, a village, 200 miles to the South, with a number of his followers. In a petition presented to the inquiry he alleged that it was too dangerous for him to come to Serowe and asked that his evidence be taken in Lokisi. Sir Walter Harrington agreed that this should be done.

### BLAMES MARRIAGE

In his petition, Tshekedi said that the rumour was spread that Serotse would never be chief while Tshekedi was alive and that, therefore, it was necessary that he should be killed.

"Another rumour was that anything might happen to anyone who stood up at the inquiry and said that Serotse was unfit to be chief," the petition went on.

It claimed that the condition of the Bamangwato tribe had so deteriorated that an attempt might be made on Tshekedi's life if he attended the inquiry, and that a riot would occur which the police would not be able to control without loss of life.

A statement which Tshekedi made earlier was read to the Commission. In it Tshekedi said that the trouble in the tribe had arisen entirely because of Serotse's marriage to a white woman, in conflict with Bamangwato tribal custom.—Associated Press.

## ATOM-BOMB RESCUE TEAM



At Britain's Civil Defence Technical Training School, at the Hawkhill, near Easingwold, rescue workers are being trained for work in radio-active areas. "Don't get too panicky about the dangers of radio-activity from the atom bomb," they are told by instructors. In this picture a "casualty" is being brought out of a wrecked house. He is first fitted with a civilian respirator to prevent him breathing atomic dust.

## Asia Must Be Free, Says Romulo

### CONDITION FOR WORLD PEACE

New York, Nov. 1.—Brigadier General Carlos P. Romulo, President of the United Nations General Assembly, said today that there could be no stable peace in Asia until freedom had been attained for all Asiatic peoples.

In addition, he told the Far East session of the 36th National Foreign Trade Convention, there must be higher living standards for Asia's underprivileged masses and a system of

"enforceable world law under which weak and small nations can work to improve their lot in freedom and peace."

Gen. Romulo said: "The first of these three basic conditions for peace in Asia is on the way to being fulfilled."

"Since the end of the war five Asian nations have attained independence by peaceful means. They are the Philippines, India, Pakistan, Ceylon and Burma."

"A sixth, Korea, has won formal independence, but its full realization has been kept in abeyance by an unresolved struggle for power which has resulted in arbitrary dismemberment of Korean territory. Indonesia stands at the threshold of freedom. Vietnam is self-governing and its independence can be delayed only for a while. It cannot be denied very much longer."

### TIDE OF FREEDOM

"All other remaining colonial territories in Asia and the Pacific will eventually attain self-governance and in due time independence. The tide of freedom in Asia is too strong to be diverted or dammed up. It can be channelled to constructive uses only after it has reached the 'ocean of its mighty sweep.'"

Gen. Romulo previewed the complementary United Nations and United States plans for 'technical assistance to the world's underdeveloped areas.'

He said: "The job is so big and so complex that one hardly knows how or where to begin. To a greater degree than any other United Nations project this programme is a testament to the ability of member states to work together in good faith."

### TEST OF FAITH

"In view of the fact that most of the capital mechanical equipment and technical skill necessary will have to come from the United States, the project constitutes a special challenge to the American people—business, agriculture and labour—all elements able to put capital and technology to work in the service of security, peace and prosperity of the world."

In a plea for world peace, Gen. Romulo concluded: "No regime can have peace in isolation. The world—not its component countries or its component regions—is the minimum unit for peace, just as it is the minimum unit for freedom and for economic well-being. In order to last, peace must be global. To limit peace to 'lose it.'—United Press.

## RED SUCCESSES IN KWANGTUNG

San Francisco, Nov. 1.—About 40,000 Nationalist troops were knocked out and 13 county seats liberated in Southwest Kwangtung in 10 days up to October 26, said Peking Radio today.

The Radio said the country seats "liberated" are Samahul, Szeval, Koyu, Sunwul, Fatahan, Tolshan, Hopling, Sunling, Holsan, Yanping, Yungchun and Yungchong.

The broadcast said the Communist forces liberated Loting, a county seat in southwest Kwangtung south of the Kwangtung river port of Wuchow, on October 26.—United Press.

## SHIP CAUGHT IN TYPHOON

San Francisco, Nov. 1.—Globe Wireless reported today an SOS message from a small vessel. Governor Wright said she was caught in a typhoon in the Central Philippines.

The Governor Wright is a small coastal vessel operated by the Southern Line of Manila. She gave her position as South of Nogos at the tip of Panay Island. The message said: "Our engine out of order. We are caught in typhoon."—Associated Press.

## Germans To Pay Less For Upkeep Of War Criminals

### EAST-WEST AGREEMENT ON SPANDAU PRISON

Berlin, Nov. 1.—A rare East-West agreement promised today to cut the huge prison costs of Germany's former Deputy Fuehrer, Rudolf Hess, for Berlin taxpayers.

Under an austerity programme drafted by the Soviet, American, British and French wardens, the German servants at Spandau prison, where Hess is housed, will be reduced from 58 to 20.

The inside maintenance staff of 17 non-Germans will be reduced to 13. Hess and six other Nazi leaders convicted of war crimes at Nuremberg are the only convicts in the big Spandau Prison in West Berlin.

The city Government complained recently that it was made to pay 450,000 West Marks a year for the "occupation costs" of Spandau, although the seven Nazis could have been confined in an ordinary jail for a total of 8,000 Marks a year.

An Allied official said that the staff economies would come into effect as soon as the Soviet warden signed the minutes of the last four-power meeting at the prison.

He estimated that West Berlin's expenditure would thereby fall to 200,000 Marks a year.

The four wardens, however, have made no provision to reduce costs for their home governments, which share equally in providing 72 military guards for Spandau.—Associated Press.

## Australian Red Cleared

Perth, Nov. 1.—Mr Kevin Martin Healy, Chairman of the Western Australian State Committee of the Communist Party, was today acquitted by the Criminal Court of a charge of sedition.

He was charged with having supported in writing, on or about March 7, the statement by the Party's General Secretary, Mr Lawrence Louis Sharkey, that "if Soviet forces came here in pursuit of aggressors, workers would welcome them."

Sharkey was sentenced to three years' imprisonment on October 17 for having uttered scurrilous words in a telephone interview with the Press.

Since sentence was passed on Sharkey, more than 2,500 miners at eight New South Wales mines have struck in protest.—Reuter.

## Radio Hongkong

6. "Hongkong Calling"—Programme Summary: 6.30, "It's Swing-time"; 6.30, Flanagan and Allen; 6.40, The Perry Lucido Quartet (Studio); 7, World News and News Analysis (London Relay); 7.15, "Much Blowing in the Wind" (Studio); 7.30, "Generally Speaking"—The Right Rev. Monsignor Knox on G. K. Chesterton (London Relay); 8, "From the Editorials (London Relay); 8.10, "Record Round-About"—Variety (Studio); 8.15, "Services Spotlight"—BBC Wireless Military Band; 8.30, "Variety Handicap"—From the Kibbani Empire, London (BBC); 9, Radio Newsworld (London Relay); 10, 10.15, Weather Report; 10.15, Chanson Française; 10.30, Recital by Kathleen Long (Piano) and William Pines (Cello); 10.35, Dance to Airie Shaw and His Orchestra; 11.15, Weather Report and Summary of News; 11.20, Close Down.

## Warning On Communism In Near East

### Importance Of Refugee Problem

Washington, Nov. 1.—Dr Henry Sloane Coffin, Chairman of the Holy Land Emergency Liaison Programme, said today that "Communist inroads in the Near East" would continue if more support were not given to voluntary agencies working for Arab displaced persons.

The trend toward Communism could become a real threat to the interests of the United States and the United Nations, his statement added.

Dr Coffin said that the fate of nearly 1,000,000 Arabs depended on the success of the efforts to raise funds for voluntary agencies and on the action taken by the General Assembly toward extending United Nations aid to the refugees.

His statement was issued after the receipt of a confidential report from Mr Yusuf El Bandak, son of the Mayor of Bethlehem, who is touring the United States on behalf of the British Committee for Christian Relief in the Holy Land.

Mr El Bandak's report said the failure of American philanthropy in helping Arab refugees "would result in a total loss of confidence in Western democracy."—Reuter.

### ISRAELI CONDITIONS

Montreal, Nov. 1.—Professor Adolf Reichenberg, Dean of the Agricultural Faculty at Jerusalem's Hebrew University, said here today that living standards in Israel compared favourably with those in Canada and the United States.

But Israel could not progress when surrounded by poverty-stricken States.

He told the annual meeting of the Canadian Friends of the Hebrew University, Montreal Chapter, that graduates of the university would play an important part in the scientific and cultural life of Israel and her neighbours.—Reuter.

### REFUGEES RETURN

Tel-Aviv, Nov. 1.—About 2,000 Arab women and children are to cross into Israel from the Lebanon at Ras El Nakura within the next 10 days, according to usually well-informed sources. This will be the first return of Arab refugees to Israel. The Israeli Government is to admit them under the scheme to repatriate Arab families.

They will be considered part of the 100,000 refugees which the Government proposes to admit to help solve the Middle East refugee problem. So far only Egypt and the Lebanon have sent positive replies to the Israeli proposal.—Reuter.

## Truly TO-MORROW

# The Jumble Event of the Year

in aid of the—

H. K. S. P. C.

at the PUBLIC RELATIONS BLDG. STATUE SQUARE

OPPOSITE H.K. & S. BANK Des Voeux Road.

FROM 8 A.M. TO 6 P.M.

## No Xmas Trees For Mexicans

Mexico City, Nov. 1.—The Department of Forestry today announced that it will refuse to grant any permits to cut pine trees for Christmas. The Senate Commission recently declared that Christmas trees were "Nordic" and non-Mexican.—United Press.











## CHURCHILL AND MONTY AT ALAMEIN REUNION



Picture was taken during community singing at the Alamein reunion in the Empress Hall, London. Mr and Mrs Winston Churchill and Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery joined in the singing. Thousands of eyes were fixed on Mr Churchill's grand overhanging row of medals, and a spotlight was played on them. (London Express Service).

## Rhodesia Not Banning Seretse

Salisbury, Nov. 1.—The Prime Minister of Southern Rhodesia, Sir Godfrey Huggins, said today that his Government had not declared Seretse Khama, chief of the Bamangwato tribe, and his wife, a former London typist, Ruth Williams, to be prohibited immigrants. They had not applied for admission to Southern Rhodesia, so that action had not been necessary.

Ruth Williams married her 27-year-old African husband in England last year when he was an Oxford University law student. She is 24.

The marriage caused a crisis in Bamangwato affairs. In January 1949, the tribe offered Seretse the choice of giving up his wife or his chieftainship.

In June the tribesmen, at a big assembly at Serowe, decided to accept him as chief despite his refusal to give up his wife.

Because of this decision, Seretse's uncle, Tshekedi, who had been Regent since 1920, and 46 headmen went into voluntary exile.

It was announced in Pretoria last night that Seretse and his wife had been declared prohibited immigrants by the South African Government, and that the Southern Rhodesian Government was likely to issue a similar ban.—Reuter.

**POLICY GIVES CONCERN**  
London, Nov. 1.—The "threat of South Africa's native policy" was of "grave concern" in West Africa, Mr Justice James Coussey, the African Chairman of the Committee, whose report on constitutional reform in the Gold Coast has just been published, declared today.

Judge Coussey, who is here on leave from the Gold Coast, told Reuter in an exclusive interview. "Notwithstanding the protests of the Colonial Office and the declarations that African interests shall be paramount in West Africa, we are not unaware of the fact that the Union of South Africa places its horizon at the Equator."

"We are aware, too, of South Africa's constant nibbling policy, first at Southwest Africa and now at the High Commission Protectorates. But I hold, with the initiation of policy in the hands of an African majority, that suspicion and anxiety will be allayed."

Judge Coussey added: "It is for us as Africans not to quibble over technicalities, but to co-operate to make the new Constitution a success."

Britain's attitude appeared to be that if there had been mistakes in the past, the day had been reached when it should get down together to make the Gold Coast a better place for everyone.—Reuter.

## Oldest Carrier Pigeon Dies

Fort Monmouth, New Jersey, Nov. 1.—Kaiser, the oldest carrier pigeon in the world, who saw service with two armies in the two World Wars, has died here at the age of 32. The corresponding age for a human being would be 100.

Kaiser began his career with the German Army in the First World War, was captured in a front line trench during the Meuse-Argonne offensive in 1918 and pressed into service for the Americans.

In World War II he helped to train other carrier pigeons, some of his great-grand-children, for the United States Army.—Reuter.

## Post Office Fire Near White House

Washington, Nov. 1.—Fire broke out after an explosion in the main Post Office building near the White House, here today. There was some damage but no one was hurt. The blaze began in an eighth floor transformer.—Reuter.

## FOOD POISONING DEATHS CAUSE MOUNTING DEMAND FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION

London, Nov. 1.—Public demands are mounting for prompt action to correct what many Britons themselves admit are appallingly low standards of cleanliness in many British restaurants and shops. The story is told by official statistics showing that 100 Britons were stricken with food poisoning every day during the summer, a rise of 200 percent over prewar figures.

## URANIUM SAID FOUND IN U.S. ZONE

Hof, Nov. 1.—A German engineer claimed today to have found traces of uranium ore deposits in the American zone of Germany near the junction of the Soviet zone and the Czechoslovak borders.

This was the first report of uranium being discovered in Western Germany.

The engineer, Dr Albert Kummer, told reporters that he found the traces in the Fichtel Mountains.

These mountains are a south-west extension of the Erzgebirge or Ore Mountains, where the Russians are reported to be mining uranium.

**NOTED FOR SPAS**  
The Erzgebirge region, along the Czechoslovak-Soviet zone border is no ed for resorts with mineral waters and bracing air with supposedly curative powers.

Dr Kummer said he found radio activity in both the air and water of the Fichtel Mountains.

This, combined with the ore he said he found, led him to believe there might be substantial uranium ore in the Fichtel range. It was probably embedded deep in the earth, and it would be a costly process to mine lower.

He made the discovery, he said, while searching for gold and silver deposits. He had submitted a report on his finding to the Bavarian State Mining Office and that Office is investigating.—Associated Press.

## BATTLE OVER FILM STAR'S ESTATE

London, Nov. 1.—The estate of film actor Leslie Howard won a court battle over income tax today.

The British Government wanted to collect normal income taxes on money earned by three of his films after his death. The court ruled out the Government's claim.

Howard was killed in 1943 when an airplane in which he was flying from Lisbon to London was shot down by a German fighter.

He had contracts to share the profits of three films he had lined, but which had not been released—"Mr Pimpernel Smith," "The 49th Parallel" and "The First of the Few."

The Government claimed that the payment of his estate should be treated as normal income. The estate claimed that the payments should be treated as professional earnings during Howard's life. This would call for a lower tax rate.—Associated Press.

Deaths from food poisoning averaged more than one a day last year.

In the grisly parade of statistics is the fact that one infected slaughter house alone sent out meat which made between 3,000 and 4,000 persons ill.

Against this background, the Daily Herald, organ of the ruling Labour Party, announced it would begin a "series of articles exposing a grave menace to the health of the people."

The announcement was made under the heading: "Dirty Food."

The menace, the Herald said, "arises from contaminated food—food served from dirty kitchens by dirty people and by people who are carriers of disease."

The Herald said its campaign was intended to put the "grim facts squarely before the people."

**MAJOR REASONS**  
There are a number of major reasons given for the tragic rise in food poisoning. One was the unusually hot summer this year.

The black market, with its slaughtering of meat in dirty barns and other unsuitable places and the rise in consumption of horse meat, also contributed to the problem.

A United Press correspondent found still other causes in a cross-section tour of public houses, shops and restaurants in the London area. Only one in three of the eating places visited had a refrigerator.

Cooks and waitresses are not inspected for communicable diseases. Fifty percent of the restaurants' washrooms do not have hot water and soap, and most of them have a "community" towel. Pubs do not wash glasses in germ-killing solutions, and few bother to use even hot water.

**MEAT UNCOVERED**  
Butchers often display meat and fish in the open. Too few shops use screens. Flies and other insects buzz around fruit, meat, rolls and bread almost unchecked.

"Things are worse on the Continent," was the defence of one butcher. The phrase crops up frequently when people complain.

Public health officials are doing the best they can against difficulties. There was the scandal of the "meat pie"—chopped meat covered with pastry. Pies were found manufactured under such appalling conditions.

Months ago that publication of those conditions caused a tremendous drop in consumption in this traditional British dish all over the country.

In Plymouth medical officers found a razor blade, a rag and a three-inch nail in meat pies this summer, and in Southampton, Lancashire, the medical officer reported finding a mouse, meat pies in his district.

**DISEASED CARCASSES**  
This Sunday newspaper, Empire News, reported recently that out of 3,700 carcasses inspected in one area, 1,900 were found to be diseased. The only 65 were condemned. The diseased carcasses were cut away from the others.

An official commission is studying the cleanliness problem but has come in for considerable criticism. It does not plan a report until the summer of 1950 although newspapers have been calling for immediate action.

Recently the pasteurisation of milk became law. Bitterly opposed, it was passed by Parliament when statistics were produced showing that 2,800 children die each year from tuberculosis contracted from infected milk.

**STARTLING ITEMS**  
Among the news items that startled Britons this summer were these:

Three hundred children ill from milk served at a Yorkshire school; 31 telephone operators in a single exchange stricken after lunch in London; 100 school children ill after lunch at Boston, in Lincolnshire; 55 children taken to hospitals after a school lunch at Bromley, in Kent.

Dr E. T. Conyngham, Ministry of Health medical officer, blames both the low standard of hygiene in Britain and the fact that more people are now eating in restaurants and canteens for the increase of food poisoning over prewar figures.—United Press.

## The Richest Bachelor

Cambridge, Surrey, Nov. 1.—The Canadian geologist, Dr John T. Williamson, said to be the richest and most eligible bachelor in the world, has left for a holiday tour of Europe.

Flying in his £10,000 private airplane, he went first to Amsterdam.

Dr Williamson, aged 42, does not know how much he is worth. In 1940, he discovered his first diamonds in Tanganyika and later found the world's richest mine, for which he was awarded a £5,000,000 and £20,000,000.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

He gave Princess Elizabeth a famous pink diamond, five times larger than any previously known pink diamond, as a wedding gift.—Reuter.

## First Report On West African Peanut Scheme

London, Nov. 1.—Britain's West African peanut growing scheme, launched to provide a new source of vegetable oils, has cost £223,300,000 so far, according to the annual report issued today.

Political controversy, which has raged around the project since it was taken over by the Government's Overseas Food Corporation in April 1948, is likely to be stimulated by the auditors' comment that the Corporation has not kept proper accounts.

Compared with the 1948 plan of the original sponsors, the United Africa Company, to put 1,500,000 acres under cultivation and produce 400,000 tons of shelled peanuts or 160,000 tons of oil each year, the scheme produced only 2,150 tons of shelled nuts and 800 tons of unflower seeds during the year reviewed.

The report, the first to be published since the scheme came under Government control, said that when the United Africa Company handed over neither its own accounting system nor that of many of its contractors was equal to the task.

**BACKLOG CLEARED**  
It became apparent that immediate action was required to produce a proper system of producing the required information on accounts and to recruit staff capable of dealing with the backlog, keeping abreast of current work and introducing the new system.

Despite the shortage of experienced accountants, the arrears were now being eliminated, his report added.

The Corporation reduced the year's target for groundnuts to be cleared, estimated and planted from 150,000 acres to 90,000 acres.

The report said that the 49,020 acres sown during the year "represents a solid achievement in the teeth of difficulties provided by the lack of transport, equipment, need for repair, the inadequacy of maintenance and repair workshops, the shortage of spare parts and untrained staff."

**AFRICAN HOSTILITY**  
It also blamed the "active hostility that Africa herself shows to any change."

At the same time, it said, the scheme's African labour force had been increased from 14,000 to 28,000 during the year. The European staff was increased from 440 to 907 in East Africa and from 119 to 232 in London.

During the year, the crops were badly hit by the long drought, which became "disastrous" in the critical growing month of March. Peanuts and sunflower plants wilted and died.—Reuter.

**ITALIAN CABINET CRISIS**  
Rome, Nov. 1.—The Italian Prime Minister, Signor Alcide de Gasperi, is to return to Rome tomorrow from Assisi to face a Government crisis, caused by the resignation of the three Ministers who belong to the Socialist Unity Party of Signor Giuseppe Saragat.

The Prime Minister is expected to insist that the three Ministers remain in the Cabinet Government.

Signor Saragat said today, however, that he did not think the Prime Minister's insistence could change the Party's decision to leave the Cabinet.

The three Ministers are Signor Saragat himself, who is Vice-Premier and Minister for Mercantile Marine, Signor Ivan Lombardo, Minister for Industry and Commerce, and Signor Roberto Tremoloni, Minister Without Portfolio.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

They resigned last night after their Party had called on them to "regroup all energies in the struggle for the extension of democratic Socialism in Italy."—Reuter.

## POCKET CARTOON



London Express Service.

## TERRORISTS SURRENDER

Singapore, Nov. 1.—Eight terrorists—a complete section—surrendered in the Segamat area of Johore after a fortnight's bombing by the Royal Air Force and attacks by troops and police.

Two men of another section also gave themselves up. The 10 bandits comprise three Malays and seven Tamils.

"The bandits told us that they had seen the surrender leaflets which had been put out," a police spokesman said.

RAF headquarters announced today that a Dakota squadron and a Beaufighter squadron, operating from Kuala Lumpur, had made 340 flights in direct support of the security forces during October.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

Eight Dakotas dropped 400,000 pounds of supplies and 263,000 pounds of bombs, while the Beaufighter squadrons made over 100 strikes.—Reuter.

## BRITISH ENVOY RECALLED

London, Nov. 1.—A Foreign Office spokesman in London tonight confirmed that the British Ambassador in Belgrade, Sir Charles Poole, has been recalled to London for consultations.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo-Yugoslav trade treaty, but the growing Russian threat to Yugoslav independence and reports of frontier incidents will undoubtedly be very thoroughly discussed.—Reuter.

Observers here believe that the delay in concluding the Anglo